

226 line
No 17
D. Dewees -

J. No. 17

Printed March 15th 1821

An

Inaugural Dissertation

on

Amenorrhœa

by

Samuel Gerardus Clarkson

of

Philadelphia -

10th Dec 1811

My dear Sir

I have the

pleasure to

acknowledge

my receipt

1st Dec

2nd Dec

future of

has all been

of the action

being an eg

thine imp

ulation,

ing -

sequently

many roads

On Amenorrhoea.

This disease presents the two following varieties -

- 1st. Emancipio ----- Retention of the Menstr.
- 2nd. Suppression ----- Suppression of the Menstr.

By the first we are to understand a failure of the appearance of the menses, when the woman has attained the age of puberty.

By the second is meant the interruption of the action after it has been established, independent of pregnancy and suckling.

It is unnecessary to mention the various theories employed to explain the efficient cause of men-
struation, as they can afford no assistance in the present
inquiry -

The time in which the secretion, and con-
sequently the flow of the menses commences, varies from
many causes; chiefly climate, mode of life, structure

...ly, and
...of the b
...ed, a chat
...erance,
...till
...till
...or heavy
...sting, or
...from a
...jection of
...more talk
...been four
...should
...he looked
...in some p

body, and idiosyncracies of the constitution.

In a warm climate where the development of the body is rapid, the period may be accelerated, so that at eight or nine years of age this process commences, while in the ^{cold} temperate zones it is usually retarded until the fourteenth or fifteenth, and in the arctic regions till the nineteenth or twentieth year.

A delicate girl, debilitated by an indulgent and luxurious and indolent, and the sedentary pursuits, or the laborious peasant may equally experience premature development, or retarded expansion.

Emandio, sometimes may depend upon imperfection of structure - Cases are recorded where it never taken place; in these, the ovaries or uterus have been found wanting, or but imperfectly developed.

The menses not appearing at the usual period should not always be considered as disease; it should only be looked upon as such, when it created a disturbance in some functions of the system.

[Faint, illegible handwriting, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page.]

and, last of
act of action
in the phre
the patient
employing
in the intef
lystom,
of action
Pseud. &
deficient -
oration of
lystoms
lystic a
ramation
also com p
the appear
gl, and co

Should the patient enjoy health, we should not; lest by unimportant remedies we interrupt the work of nature; still however much anxiety is excited, and the physician is frequently so importuned by the friends of the patient that he is sometimes under the necessity of employing an innocent stratagem, to prevent mischief from the interference of an incautious practitioner.

We shall briefly state the causes, symptoms, and treatment of the two varieties of the disease under consideration -

Causel. Emaciation may be owing to imperfect development - or to the want of some peculiar stimulus - a condition of the uterus though well developed.

Symptoms. This disease usually commences with lepidity and indisposition to motion, or exertion; a failure of animation, or depression of spirits, with a pale or sallow complexion, and when long continued even a cachectic appearance. The functions of the stomach are deranged, and various symptoms of dyspepsia show themselves,

her usual
natural food
is the most ex-
traordinary super-
natural labor
of heart, and
soul; most of
all periods in
existence, the
unknown flow-
ing food along
in her, with
the entrance of
soul, and so,
the whole way
though a
little more
slow, rather

as nausea, heartburn, flatulency &c; the appetite for natural food is diminished and an unassessable desire for the most innocuous substances, as chalk, lime, charcoal, &c. supervenes. The respiration is hurried by any mild or laborious motion of the body, with palpitation of the heart, and even syncope. The bowels are often irregular; most frequently inclined however to be constipated with pains in the head, back, and loins. As the disease advances, the legs and feet become edematous, and at length the serum flows into the cellular membrane of the whole body producing a general anasarca. The pulse is quick and low, with great inactivity in small vessels, and adhesion of the extreme parts of the body. There is also a distending cough; and so great sometimes that the patient is thought to be on the verge of phthisis, or perhaps to be passing rapidly through its stages.

In the worst degree of this complaint, by a little mucus, or acrid discharge perhaps somewhat abundant, nature sometimes changes the scene and gives an

absence of
 irregular
 movement of
 the spirit &
 blowing her
Hatman.
 the disease
 noted, we had
 us, in a whole
 has shown, the
 after the state
 of the disease -
 18. The next
 20. The next
 need to regu-
 of the patient
 when doors



with the purple stone & others, including the
1st greenish white, and many flowers white
or by agreeable white with what are the de-
fence and in old beds, and in the same
arrangement as in the light and some
has been, however, the stone, and in the same
and white, but of a different kind.

to demand a decision, made by you
of a liberal character. If I find that the direction
of the case has been obtained in no other way, we differ
in a different sense, however, of permission to
the doctor to draw of permission in instance of
a case we see no fault in the extensive writing
of answers with any case.

Washington State Nat. Acad. Sci. is
in central part of the state, especially
in the mountains of the Cascades

The influence of the electric preparations other
series is not an other hand has been to a certain extent

2. *h. s. s.*

$$f(x) = x^2 - 4x + 4 = (x-2)^2$$

print book.

27. $\frac{1}{2} \log \frac{1}{2}$

1

44. 1892

... is high esteem.

Providence in the simple plan of treatment
has done well, nearly fast to land, about 400
and permanent establishment of the movement
has the first number of the system to which we have
referred.

On the same condition, contrary to most
first development cases and the system, ... and
at Linnæusville, ... the plan details
above.

Applications under reference to the ...
to ... there is no ...
... the constitution to effect the ...
... therefore ...
... that we might ... the
... ..

These enormous efforts are ...
both evidence of power in the ...
... in the region of the ...



—

... character of the ... it
... place it not to be considered as a state of ...
... it is not always immediately ...
... not perfect ... and ... with these ...
... the ...
... of ... is treated
...ly.

In other cases the ...
... be ... from great ...
... cause ... that ...
... offences ...

On such cases the ...
... of other ...
...
... the ...
... of the ...

fight falls sometimes from, instead of from one
side to another - & is not
the slightest. The suppression of the entire has
it is accompanied by various symptoms & the
most frequent is that of the system - namely, pain
in the abdomen, sometimes in the suppression
of the urinary excretion - in the first place the great
most symptoms of the system is, namely, the
great organs in the lower part of the abdomen
to return.

It is affirmed by some that even the
of these causes are, sometimes from various
to us from the lower part of the system - & the
most we suppose it is not without some of the
which results are at the same time the various
of the system, but also, various affections
may arise after, to a great extent.

It is affirmed by some that even the
suppression of the urinary excretion is the result of the
suppression of the urinary excretion is the result of the



...last, complex system of ... for the

... ..

... ..

... ..



not failed in our hands - we give it with a confidence
unattainable to no other medicine for this purpose; for
this confidence is the result of very many years expe-
rience of its efficacy -

This great success is attributable to a
due preparation of the system, and a steady perseverance
in this valuable acquisition to the Materia Medica.

The first of the three papers is a letter
from the Secretary of the Navy to the
President, dated at Washington, D.C.,
the 15th of July, 1861. It contains
a report on the state of the Navy,
and is signed by the Secretary,
Gideon Welles. The second paper is
a letter from the Secretary of the Navy
to the President, dated at Washington,
D.C., the 15th of July, 1861. It contains
a report on the state of the Navy,
and is signed by the Secretary,
Gideon Welles. The third paper is
a letter from the Secretary of the Navy
to the President, dated at Washington,
D.C., the 15th of July, 1861. It contains
a report on the state of the Navy,
and is signed by the Secretary,
Gideon Welles.



